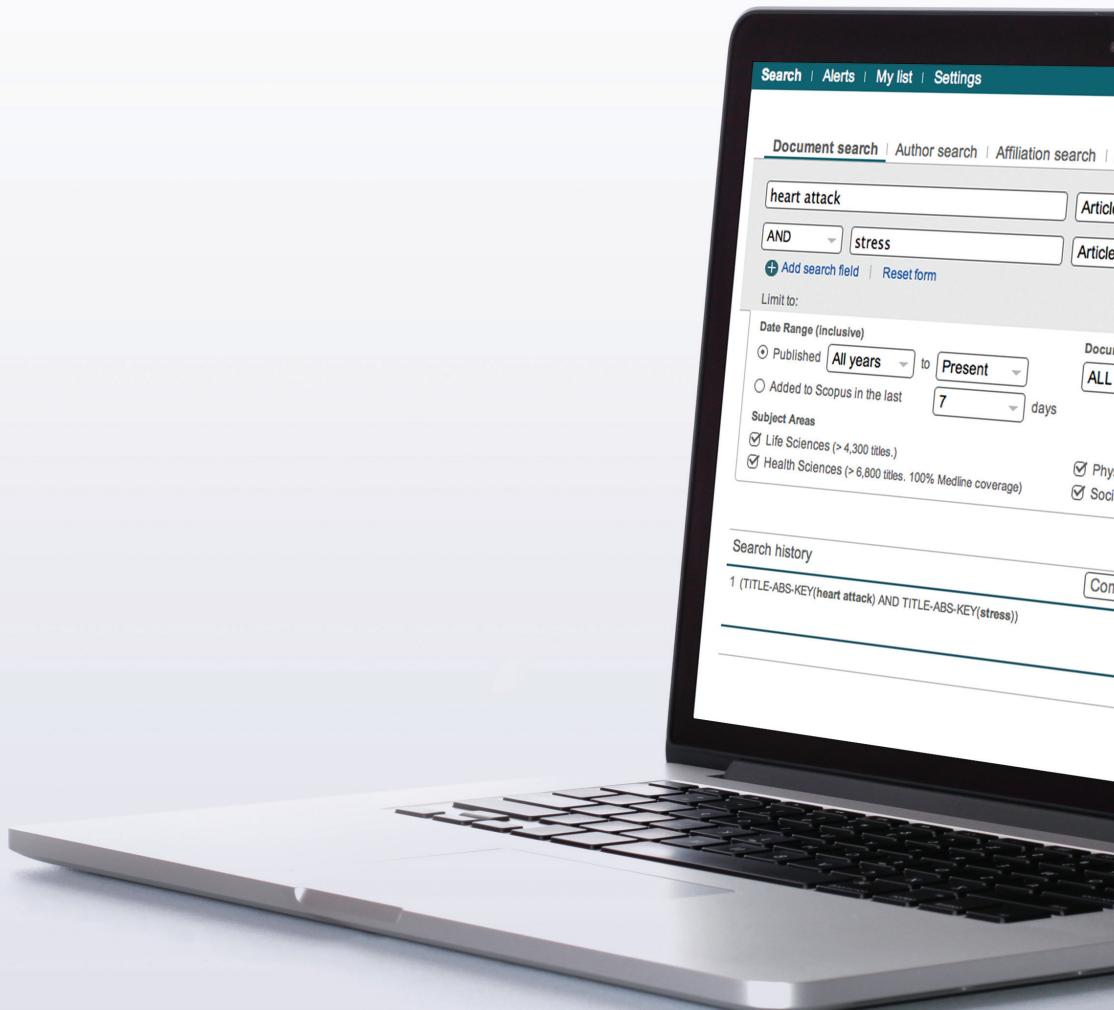


Scopus

快速使用指南

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快速使用指南

着眼全球研发动态

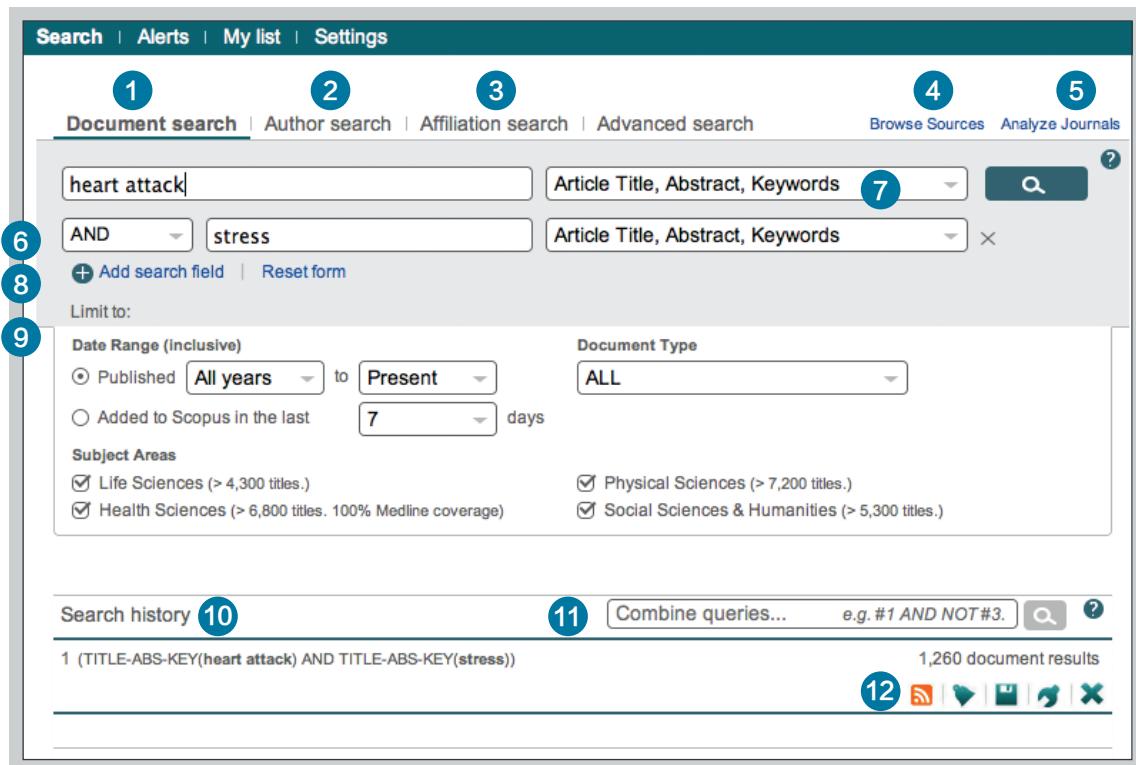
Scopus是全球最大的、同行评审的文摘及引文型文献数据库，并配备多种文献计量工具帮助用户对科研内容进行跟踪、分析和可视化研究。Scopus涵盖了来自全球5000多个出版商的超过21,900多本期刊的内容，涉及领域包括自然科学、工程技术、医学、社会科学以及艺术人文等学科。收录记录超过五千四百万条，最早可追溯到1823年，其中84%的条目收录了自1996年以来参考文献的内容。

The image shows a laptop screen displaying the Scopus search interface. The search bar at the top contains the query "heart attack" AND "stress". Below the search bar, there are various search filters and limiters. Under "Limit to:", there are options for "Date Range (inclusive)" (set to "Published All years" to "Present"), "Added to Scopus in the last 7 days", and subject areas like "Life Sciences" and "Health Sciences". The search history at the bottom shows a single entry: "1 (TITLE-ABS-KEY(heart attack) AND TITLE-ABS-KEY(stress))". The URL "www.elsevier.com/scopus" is displayed at the bottom left, and the number "1" is in a small orange box at the bottom right.

www.elsevier.com/scopus

信息的检索/开始我们的检索之旅

在Scopus的主页面中，您可以快速的开始您的信息检索之旅。使用Scopus提供的多种检索项目进行深入的组合式检索，使您在第一时间获得所需的文献内容。



1 文献检索

该标签页为Scopus的主检索界面，在对应的检索字段中输入相应的关键词开始信息检索（具体检索式规则请见13页）。

2 作者检索

在该标签页中输入作者名字，检索得到与该作者相关的信息。

3 归属机构检索

在该标签页中输入归属机构名字，检索得到与该机构相关的信息。

4 浏览来源出版物

通过字母表浏览Scopus收录的所有内容，包括期刊、书籍、商业出版物和会议录信息等。

5 分析期刊

点击启动Scopus期刊分析功能（详情请见第9页）

6 布尔运算符

选择“与(AND)”、“或(OR)”或者“非(AND NOT)”布尔运算符对检索式进行逻辑组合

7 选择检索字段

选择相应的检索字段进行检索

8 增加新的检索字段

添加新的检索字段方便多个关键词的组合式检索

9 筛选范围

可对检索式快速添加出版时间、文献类型以及学科类别的限制筛选

10 检索历史

当您完成一次检索并返回提交页面时，检索历史会记录您的检索式和结果。当本次检索关闭时检索历史随即清空。

11 组合检索式

使用检索历史的组合功能，可以将多条检索式以一个检索的形式运行。您可用“#数字”代表历史检索式以及“与(AND)”、“或(OR)”或者“非(AND NOT)”布尔运算符构建组合检索式。

12 设置提醒和RSS Feeds

选择“提醒”收取电子邮件提醒，或者选择设置“RSS Feeds”接受最新的信息更新。

当浏览检索历史时，您可以对每一条记录进行设置RSS、设置提醒、保存、编辑或者删除等操作。

信息的检索/排序选项及精选结果

The screenshot shows the Scopus search interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with 'Search', 'Alerts', 'My list', and 'Settings'. Below it, a search bar contains 'TITLE-ABS-KEY (heart attack)'. To the right of the search bar are buttons for 'Edit', 'Save', 'Set alert', and 'Set feed'. A blue circle labeled '1' is over the 'Edit' button. Next to the search bar, there's a 'Sort on:' dropdown set to 'Date Cited by Relevance'.

Below the search bar, the text '24,779 document results' is displayed, with a blue circle labeled '3' next to it. There are links to 'View secondary documents', 'View 704 patent results', and 'Analyze results'. A blue circle labeled '4' is over the 'View secondary documents' link.

The main search results area starts with a title: 'The pathogenesis of atherosclerosis: A perspective for the 1990s' by Ross, R. This entry has a blue circle labeled '5' next to it. To the right of the title are the citation count '7654' and a 'View references' button, which is highlighted with a blue box and a blue circle labeled '9'.

Below this, another result is shown: 'Randomized trial of estrogen plus progestin for secondary prevention of coronary heart disease in postmenopausal women' by Hulley, S., et al. This entry has a blue circle labeled '6' next to it. To the right are the citation count '4673' and a 'Create bibliography' button.

Further down, another result is shown: 'Effect of intensive blood-glucose control with metformin on complications in overweight patients with type 2 diabetes (UKPDS 34)' by Turner, R. This entry has a blue circle labeled '7' next to it. To the right are the citation count '4336' and a 'Cited by' link.

On the left side, there's a 'Refine' section with 'Limit to' and 'Exclude' buttons. Under 'Year', there are filters for 2014 (173), 2013 (1,526), 2012 (1,401), 2011 (1,369), 2010 (1,287). A blue circle labeled '8' is over the 'View at Publisher' link for this year filter.

On the right side, there's a 'Show all abstracts' link. At the bottom of the results area, there's a 'More...' link, which is highlighted with a blue box and a blue circle labeled '10'.

1 设置提醒

一旦有满足您检索要求的新结果出现，Scopus将会通过电子邮件或者RSS向您进行信息推送。（需要账号登陆）

查看引文概览：分析所选文档的被引用情况查看

“施引文献”：显示哪些文献引用了所选文档

更多：参见条目10

2 分析检索结果

点击查看对检索结果的分析页面，Scopus将会根据不同的标准如年份、来源、作者、所属机构等进行分类分析。

7 文档详细页面

点击文献名称可以查看文章的详情（摘要和参考文献），鼠标悬停该记录时，显示以下功能链接：

- 在出版商页面查阅
- 显示摘要
- 相关文献

3 检索结果的数目

显示检索得到的记录数目

4 在检索结果内检索

直接输入更多的关键词，在检索结果中进行二次检索

8 全文链接

点击“在出版商页面查阅”链接，在已被授权的情况下，您可以在文章所属的出版商页面进行全文查看

5 检索结果

使用精简功能，您可以对检索结果按照一定的项目目录进行筛选。比如，你可以筛选得到您关注作者的相关结果，或者是发表在特定年份的文章。您也可以将特定的记录从结果列表中剔除。

9 排序对象

在默认情况下，检索结果通过日期进行排序。此外，您可以按照引用次数、相关度、作者名字、来源期刊名（在绿色小方框中）进行排序。

6 结果处理工具

导出：即可以使用不同的文献管理系统如Mendeley或RefWorks，也可以使用特定的文献格式如RIS、CSV、BibTeX或Text导出检索结果。如果您使用RefWorks，您可以在我的设置中设置RefWorks ID/PW，并直接使用它们将您的检索结果与RefWorks无缝连接。

10 更多

查看参考文献：查看所选文档引用的参考文献。

下载：您可以批量下载文章的PDF文档，并且Scopus会自动按照所设置的格式，比如按照作者、出版年份、文章名、期刊等将它们命名。一次最大的下载篇数限制为50篇，并且需要Java支持。

创建书目：改变导出文档列表的格式。

通过电子邮件发送：通过电子邮件发送所选文献。

打印：打印所选文献。

The screenshot shows the Scopus search results for "TITLE-ABS-KEY (heart attack stress)". There are 1,221 document results. A dropdown menu is open at the top left, labeled "1", showing various export options: "Save to Mendeley", "RIS Format", "CSV", "Excel", "BibTeX", "Text", and "ASCII in HTML". Below this, a section titled "Choose the information to export" is visible, with "Citation information only" selected. To the right, a list of five research papers is displayed, each with a "More..." button.

1 导出

选中一个或多个记录后点击“导出”按钮，将会显示多种导出选项的界面

The screenshot shows the Scopus search results for "TITLE-ABS-KEY (heart attack stress)". A dropdown menu is open at the top left, labeled "2", showing "Save to Mendeley". The results list shows five articles. On the right side, a sidebar titled "3" displays three specific articles with their details and "Full Text" and "View at Publisher" buttons.

2 一键保存至Mendeley

点击“保存到Mendeley”按钮后，“保存至Mendeley”按钮将作为最优选项显示在结果页面上。点击后，Mendeley的页面导入功能将被激活。Mendeley的用户，在登陆后将可以自动地将文献保存至Mendeley中。

结果页面中的“保存至Mendeley”按钮将会作为默认导出项保存在结果页面中，除非您再次选择其他保存方式。

3 Mendeley页面导入功能

点击“保存至Mendeley”按钮将会激活Mendeley的页面导入功能，所有已经登录的Mendeley用户都可以将文献导入至Mendeley中。

Mendeley/摘要页面

1 Search | Alerts | My list | Settings
Back to results | 1 of 15,652 Next >
Full Text | Library Catalogue | View in EMBASE | Order Document | Save to Mendeley | Download | More... ▾

2 Nature Biotechnology
Volume 26, Issue 10, October 2008, Pages 1135-1145

3 Next-generation DNA sequencing (Review)

Shendure, J.¹, Ji, H.¹ ▾
¹ Department of Genome Sciences, University of Washington, Fege Building S-250, Box 355065, 1705 NE Pacific St., Seattle, WA 98195-5065, United States
² Stanford Genome Technology Center, Dept. of Medicine, Stanford University School of Medicine, 269 Campus Drive, Stanford, CA 94305, United States

Abstract

DNA sequence represents a single format onto which a broad range of biological phenomena can be projected for high-throughput data collection. Over the past three years, massively parallel DNA sequencing platforms have become widely available, reducing the cost of DNA sequencing by over two orders of magnitude, and democratizing the field by putting the sequencing capacity of a major genome center in the hands of individual investigators. These new technologies are rapidly evolving, and near-term challenges include the development of robust protocols for generating sequencing libraries; building effective new approaches to data analysis; and often a rethinking of experimental design. Next-generation DNA sequencing has the potential to dramatically accelerate biological and biomedical research, by enabling the comprehensive analysis of gene transcripts and interactomes to become inexpensive, routine and widespread, rather than requiring significant production-scale efforts. © 2008 Nature Publishing Group.

4 Index keywords

Engineering controlled terms: DNA; DNA sequences; Genes; Network protocols; Nucleic acids
Engineering uncontrolled terms: Biological phenomena; Biomedical research; Comprehensive analysis; Data collections; Experimental Design; High throughputs; New approaches; New technologies; Orders-of-magnitude; Parallel-DNA; Transcriptomes
Engineering main heading: Organic acids
EMTREE drug terms: DNA; Transcriptome
EMTREE medical terms: amplicon; analytical equipment; bioinformatics; biotechnology; computer program; cost benefit analysis; data analysis; DNA hybridization; DNA screening; DNA sequence; fluorescence resonance energy transfer; genome analysis; genomics; high throughput screening; medical research; nucleotide sequence; polymerase chain reaction; practice guideline; priority journal; protein DNA binding; qualitative analysis; review; sequence analysis; standard
MeSH: Chromosome Mapping; Forecasting; Genomics; Sequence Alignment; Sequence Analysis, DNA
Medline is the source for the MeSH terms of this document.

5 Chemicals and CAS Registry Numbers: DNA, 9007-49-2
Device tradename: "SOLID" Applied Biosystems, United States, Genome Analyzer, Illumina, United States, Heliscope, helicos, United States, Polonator, Dover, United States.
Manufacturers/Device manufacturer: Affymetrix, United States, Applied Biosystems, United States, Dover, United States, helicos, United States, Illumina, United States, Lynx, United States, manteia predictive medicine, Switzerland; pacific biosciences, United States; Perlegen, United States; Roche Applied Science, Switzerland; roche nimblegen, United States; Solexa, United Kingdom; visigen, United States.

6 ISRN: 10870156 CODEN: NABF Source Type: Journal Original language: English
DOI: 10.1038/nbt1446 PubMed ID: 18846087 Document Type: Review

7 View reference

8 Cited by 1222 documents since 1996
No more non-model species: The promise of next generation sequencing for comparative immunology
Dheer, N.M., Adams, C., Reffas, D.A. (2014) Developmental and Comparative Immunology
Clinical relevance of circulating cell-free microRNAs in cancer
Kanayama, H., Nakata, H., Calif, G.A. (2014) Nature Reviews Clinical Oncology
View all 1222 citing documents

9 Inform me when this document is cited in Scopus:
Set citation alert | Set citation feed
Cited by patients 43 times

10 Related documents
Next-generation sequencing: From basic research to diagnostics ("Next-generation sequencing": dalla ricerca di base alla diagnostica
Veeleberg, K.V., James, S.A., Dursch, J.D. (2010) Biochimica Clinica
Utilization of next-generation sequencing platforms in next-generation genetic variant discovery
Deschamps, S., Campbell, M.A. (2010) Molecular Breeding
View all related documents based on references
Find more related documents in Scopus based on:
Authors | Keywords
Mendeley readership statistic...
18050 people have saved this article to Mendeley

11 Top disciplines: Biological Sciences 87%, Medicine 3%
Top document types: Article 20%, Student (Bachelor) 17%, Student (Master) 17%
Top countries: United States 2%, United Kingdom 1%
Brazil 1%
View article in Mendeley | More about Mendeley

12 Altmetric for Scopus
Up to now this article has been mentioned 11 times by 8 sources.
Sources: 1 Facebook user, 4 science blogs, 1 Google+ user, 2 tweeters
Saved to reference managers: 110 CiteULike, 17199 Mendeley

1 链接到全文

点击“在出版商页面查阅”链接，在已被授权的情况下，您可以在文章所属的出版商页面进行全文查看。

2 链接到作者详情

点击后可以跳转至作者详情页面。

3 关键词

来自词表系统的作者关键词和文档关键词将会显示在“作者关键词”和“索引关键词”条目中。

4 参考文献

您可查看该文章所引用的参考文献，并通过链接跳转到相应参考文献的文摘页面中。

5 保存到Mendeley

如果用户已经将Mendeley作为优选的文献管理工具，即可以使用页面中显示的“保存到Mendeley”功能。或者通过下拉列表选择其他文献管理工具。

6 被引用的情况

显示从1996年以来该文档被哪些文献所引用，将显示最近的两篇。此外，您可以将所有的文献显示出来。

7 引文提醒

当本文档被其他文献引用时，您可以通过电子邮件（设置引文通知）或者RSS feed（设置引文馈送流）获得引文提醒。

8 相关文献

显示与该文档共同分享参考文献、或者具备共同作者或关键词的文章。

9 Mendeley读者统计

当用户将文档保存至Mendeley中时，该功能可以显示所有Mendeley用户对该文档的下载次数。并且可以根据不同的标准、学术状态和地域来源进行统计分析。

10 Scopus中的Altmetric

作为一种第三方页面应用。用户可以从中查看所有主流社交媒体或者文档管理工具的用户对此文章的看法。当且仅当所查看的文档具备这些看法的时候该功能才起作用。

分析/查看引文概览

Search | Alerts | My list | Settings

Citation overview Citations received since 1996
Back to author details page

Russell, Roger W Ross
University of California System, Ctr. Neurobiol. of Lmg. and Memory, Oakland, United States
Author ID: 740394036

Overview options Hide □

Exclude from citation overview: Self citations of selected author Self citations of all authors Citations from books

Sort documents Date range

Year descending □ to 2013 □ Update Overview

1 159 Cited Documents

Total	Citations					
	<2011	2011	2012	2013	Subtotal	>2013 Total
2601	103	113	114	330	46	2977
1	1997 Sphingomyelin metabolism in rat ...	3	1		1	5
2	1996 Potential animal model of multip...	35		1	4	40
3	1996 Continuing the search for cholin...	11		1		12
4	1994 Accelerating behavioral recovery...	4			0	4
5	1994 Accelerating behavioral recovery...	9		1	1	10
6	1992 Incomplete reversibility of an e...	4			0	4
7	1992 Selective breeding for increased...	12	2	2	4	16
8	1991 An automated method for studying...				0	0
9	1991 Essential roles for animal model...	5			0	5
10	1991 Heparin treatment in sinus venou...	9			0	9

1 查看引用此篇文档的数目

2 总体引用情况

对于每一个引用该文档的文献，记录了它逐年被引用的情况

Psaltopoulou, Theodora **3**
About Scopus Author Identifier | View potential author matches
University of Athens, Department of Hygiene, Epidemiology and Medical Statistics, Athens, Greece
Author ID: 6506212227
<http://orcid.org/0000-0002-1404-9716>

Other name formats: Psaltopoulou Psaltopoulou, T. Psaltopoulou, T.

Documents: 77 Citations: 1945 total citations by 1775 documents h Index: 22 The h Index considers Scopus articles published after 1995.
Co-authors: 150 (maximum 150 co-authors can be displayed)
Subject area: Medicine , Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology View More

77 Documents | Cited by 1775 documents since 1996 | 150 co-authors

77 documents View in search results format Sort on: Date Cited by □

Olive oil, the Mediterranean diet, and arterial blood pressure: the Greek European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC) study.	Psaltopoulou, T., Naska, A., Orfanos, P., (...), Mountokalakis, T., Trichopoulou, A.	2004	The American journal of clinical nutrition	222
Fruit and vegetable intake and the risk of stomach and oesophagus adenocarcinoma in the European Prospective Investigation into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC-EURGAST)	González, C.A., Pera, G., Agudo, A., (...), Jenab, M., Riboli, E.	2006	International Journal of Cancer	157
Meat intake and risk of stomach and esophageal adenocarcinoma within the European Prospective Investigation Into Cancer and Nutrition (EPIC)	González, C.A., Jakszyn, P., Pera, G., (...), Norat, T., Riboli, E.	2006	Journal of the National Cancer Institute	150
Consumption of vegetables and fruits and risk of breast cancer	Van Gils, C.H., Peeters, P.H.M., Bueno-de-Mesquita, H.B., (...)	2005	Journal of the American Medical Association	148

3 对作者的概览

在Scopus的作者信息页面中具备该功能，您可以查看该作者的名字、所属机构、国籍、所发表文章的类型以及涉及的研究领域等。

4 引文概览

点击“View citation overview”分析所属文章的引用情况。

Scopus将会用表格的方式给出每一篇文档的被引用情况。这种功能可以使您对指定文章的被引情况一目了然。

分析/分析检索结果

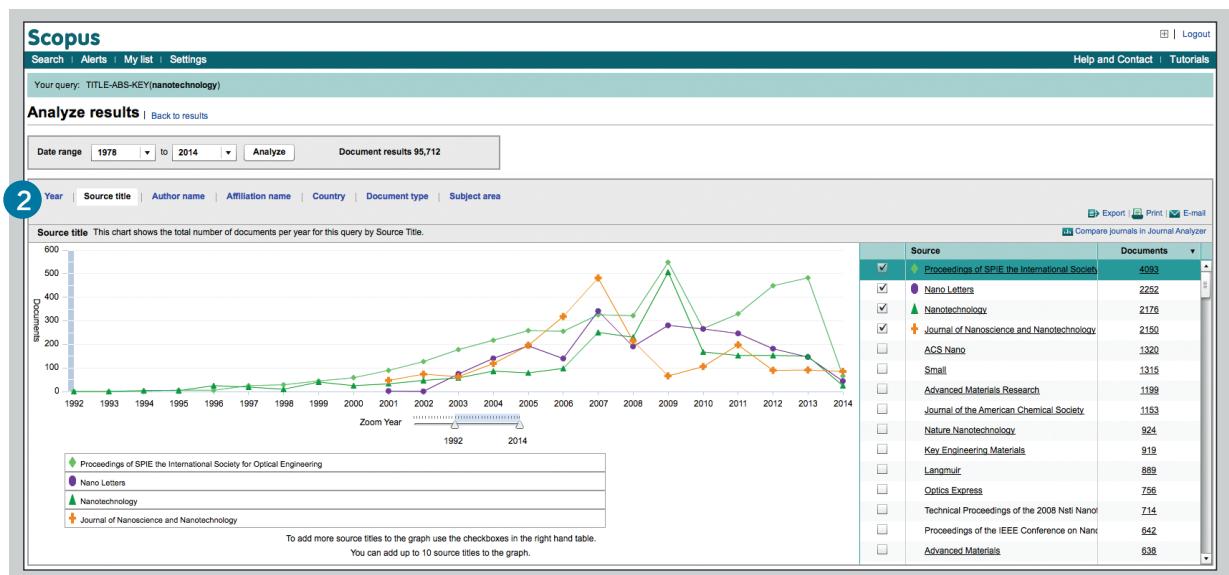
对于任何检索来说，用户可以使用分析检索结果功能对结果进行分析。该功能可以给出不同的分析类型，每一种分析类型都可以通过图形或者表格的方式加深用户对结果的理解。此外，用户还可以根据需求设定特定的分析子项目对检索结果进行进一步的加工。

The screenshot shows the Scopus search results page for the query "TITLE-ABS-KEY (heart attack) AND TITLE-ABS-KEY (stress)". It displays 1,260 document results. A prominent "Analyze results" button is visible. The results list includes three entries:

- 1. Glutathione Metabolism and Its Implications for Health (Wu, G., Fang, Y.-Z., Yang, S., Lupton, J.R., Turner, N.D., 2004, Journal of Nutrition)
- 2. Oxidative stress: the paradox of aerobic life. (Davies, K.J., 1995, Biochemical Society symposium)
- 3. Psychosocial influences on mortality after myocardial infarction (Ruberman, W., Weinblatt, E., Goldberg, J.D., Chaudhary, B.S., 1984, New England Journal of Medicine)

1 分析结果

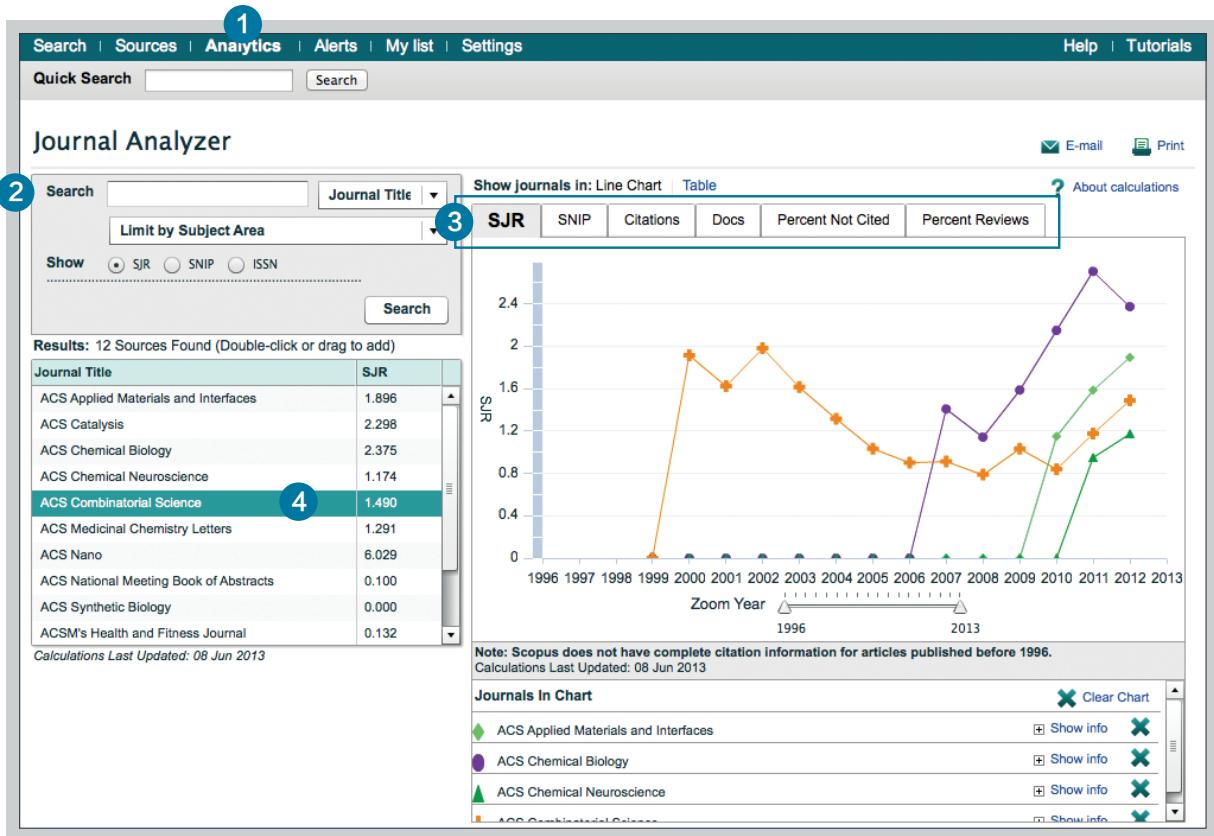
在检索结果页面的“Analyze results”链接



2 索指标

用户可以使用检索指标中提供的多种分析类型对检索结果进行分析，如年代、来源期刊名称、作者名字、所属机构名称、国籍、文档类型和涉及领域。

期刊分析



1 Analytics

点击进入期刊分析功能

2 检索期刊

通过输入期刊名称的部分关键词进行期刊的检索

3 评价体系

从不同的方面对期刊进行对比和评估

SJR (SCImago 期刊排名)：其所采用的方法是类似 Google 的 PageRank 算法，这个著名的指标按照引用此期刊文章的期刊的质量来计量质量并允许不同学科领域期刊比较。

SNIP (Source Normalized Impact per Paper)：SNIP 会将来源出版物的学科领域（也就是对该来源出版物进行引用的文献）的特征纳入指标范围，适应于不同学科的期刊比较

Citations：该期刊每年被引用的次数

Docs：该期刊每年发表文章的数目

Percent Not Cited：该期刊每年未被引用的文献占总文献的百分比

Percent Reviews：该期刊每年发表综述类文章的百分比

4 选择期刊

双击选择用户感兴趣的期刊名称，并将其拖拽到右侧的分析框中进行分析，最多可以同时容纳10种期刊。

更多信息请访问：www.journalmetrics.com

作者检索工具/开始针对作者的检索及作者概览

Scopus不仅能让您分析作者的引文指标还可分析某个作者的特定文章。从author ID，您可以显示该作者的所有文章，引用该作者文章的文献，h-index及更多信息。

The screenshot shows the Scopus search interface. At the top, there are links for 'Search', 'Alerts', 'My list', and 'Settings'. Below that, a banner says 'Updates to Scopus. Click here for details'. The main navigation bar includes 'Document search', 'Author search' (which is underlined in blue), 'Affiliation search', and 'Advanced search'. To the right of the search bar are 'Browse Sources' and 'Analyze Journals' buttons. The search form has two main input fields: 'Author Last Name...' (labeled 2) and 'Author Initials or First Name...'. Below these are dropdowns for 'Affiliation...' and 'Limit to:'. Under 'Subject Areas', there are checkboxes for 'Life Sciences', 'Health Sciences', 'Physical Sciences', and 'Social Sciences & Humanities'. A search button with a magnifying glass icon is located at the top right of the search area.

1 作者检索

选择“Author search”按作者名进行检索

2 作者名字

在“Author”检索字段中输入作者的名或姓，Scopus会自动提示匹配字段。用户也可以添加相应的机构信息进行组合式检索。

The screenshot shows the Scopus search results page for the author "Looker". At the top, it says "Author last name 'Looker'" and has an "Edit" link. Below that, it displays "7 of 18 author results". There are several filters and options: "Show exact matches only", "Refine" (with "Limit to" and "Exclude" buttons), and a dropdown menu for "Show documents". On the right, there is a summary for the first result: "33 Medicine ; Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology ; Agricultural and Biological Sciences; ...". The results list includes "Looker, Anne C.", "Looker, Anne", and "Looker, A.". At the bottom, there are additional filters for "Source Title" (including "Journal of Organic Chemistry" with 8 results) and "Author ID" (listing "Looker, James H" and "Looker, James H" with "Biochemistry Genetics" and "Biochemistry Genetics" respectively).

3 显示作者概述

点击结果页面的作者名字来显示其详情。鼠标悬停该记录时，将会显示该作者的“view last title”和“documents”选项

作者检索工具/作者详情

The screenshot shows the Scopus Author Detail page for Psaltopoulou, Theodora. At the top, there are links for Register, Login, Back to results (1), and Print/E-mail. The main profile information includes her name, University of Athens, Department of Hygiene, Epidemiology and Medical Statistics, Athens, Greece, and her h-index of 22. Below this, there are sections for Documents (77), Citations (1945 total), and Co-authors (150). A bar chart shows the distribution of documents over years (2004-2014) and citations (0-344). To the right, there are buttons for Follow this Author (6), Get citation alerts (7), Add to ORCID (7), Request author detail corrections (8), and a link to Author History (9). The Author History section includes a timeline from 1999 to Present with 2522 references, a source history list, and a link to Show Related Affiliations.

1 作者详情

显示作者的详细信息，包括发表的文章、所属机构、ORCID编号、被哪些文献所引用、h指标以及总体被引用情况分析。

2 文献信息

在“Documents”中，用户可以找到所有此作者参与撰写的文献内容。其中“Author evaluator”中，可以图像的形式多角度呈现该作者的研究结果。用户在登陆后可以对感兴趣的作者信息设置提醒或RSS feed推送。

3 被引用情况

在“citation”字段中，查看该作者所有文章的被引用情况。从总体上对这些引用进行分析。

4 h指标

“h指标”是通过作者发表论文数以及论文被引用的情况对作者进行评估的指标。它是根据这样的

标准确定：所包含的论文中有 h 篇的被引次数大于或等于这个 h 值。被引用文档最早年份为 1996 年，此指标在“h-index”中以图标形式显示。

5 标签档

三个标签档分别代表文档数目、被引数目和共同作者情况（最多至 150 人）。

6 追踪该作者

登陆后，通过设置“Author Citation Alert”提醒可以接收到该作者新文章的发表情况以及文章被引用的更新信息。

7 ORCID

将文档添加至您的ORCID(Open Research and Contributor Identifier)账号中或者通过此链接申请一个新的ORCID档案。

8 要求作者订正

你可以提出订正作者详情的请求。比如：更新作者的所属机构。

9 图表分析

以图表的格式展现该作者的发表文章以及近10年被引用情况。点击图表中的数字可以得到文档列表和被引详情。

注册/使用个性化功能

用户注册属于自己的账号后，可以使用更多个性化功能，如邮件提醒等。并且此账户名和密码将于 ScienceDirect 和 Engineering Village 同步，您可以使用一套账户名密码系统进行登录。

登录

如果您已经具有用户名和密码，请在登录框中输入相应信息进行登录。您可以点击“Remember me”，系统将会将您的登录信息保存到该计算机中，使您可以自动登录。

用户注册

如想注册成为新用户，点击“Register”按钮，并输入所需信息，如姓名，邮箱地址等，即可完成注册。

提醒

您可以设置并管理您的邮件提醒系统

- 检索提醒 (Search Alert)
- 作者引用提醒 (Author Citation Alert)
- 文档引用提醒 (Document Citation Alert)

我的列表 (My List)

在我的列表中查看临时性的文献列表或被保存后的列表。

更改个人设置/密码

您可以在设置 (Settings) 菜单中更改邮箱地址、密码、RefWorks 用户名和密码等等

定制化服务

注册用户可以根据个人喜好或经验，定制检索的页面和方式。



检索规则

一般规则

不限制大小写

在大多数情况下，输入单数名词时，复数以及所有格形式的关键词也会被检出。

输入不同形式的同义希腊字母（如a或alpha, b或Beta），两种形式都会被检出。

输入英式或者美式拼写(colour, color, 或 tyre, tire)，两种形式都会被检出。

词组检索

当多个词汇被空格隔开，在检索时，系统按照“和”的逻辑关系处理这次检索。

如果强制将多个词汇作为一个关键词组进行检索，应在词组两端添加双引号或者大括号。

· 双引号“”用于词组的模糊（灵活）检索

应用双引号“”时，检索将不区分词组的单复数形式，标点符号将被忽略，并且通配符是可以起作用的。比如"heart-attack"可以检出heart-attack、heart attack、heart attacks等。

· 大括号{}用于词组的特定（固定）检索

应用大括号{}时，检索将完全忠于括号内的内容与形式。这时标点符号不被忽略，通配符不起作用。如:{heart-attack}只能检出heart-attack字样。

通配符

代表任意数目、任意形式的字符。如toxi 将会检出toxin、toxic、toxicity、toxicology 等。

? 代表任意一个字符。如sawt??th将会检出sawtooth 和sawteeth字样。

逻辑运算符和优先级划分

AND表示所连接的两个词汇同时出现。如food and poison

OR表示所连接的词汇至少有一个出现。如weather or climate

AND NOT表示不可出现后面所跟词汇。如tumor and not malignant

W/n 表示所连接的词汇不分先后顺序、间隔不可超过n个词的距离。
如Pain w/5 morphine.

Pre/n 表示连接的词汇按照先后顺序，间隔不可超过n个词的距离。
如newborn PRE/3 screening

逻辑运算符优先级顺序（可以添加小括号改变优先级）

1. OR
2. W/n, PRE/n
3. AND
4. AND NOT



检索规则

Scopus的简体中文版界面已经于2014年5月底发布，同时页面上的“帮助与联系我们”功能也推出了简体中文窗口服务。本次新功能的发布旨在提升Scopus在中国地区的使用体验，使之对于用户来说更加简单、易学、易用。需注意的是这一汉化仅适用于Scopus的使用界面，并不涉及其产品内容。用户可以在Scopus首页的页脚处找到“切换到简体中文”选项进行切换，从而在母语环境下更加方便的进行个性化及通知设置。”

The screenshot shows the Scopus search interface in Simplified Chinese. At the top, there are links for '注册' (Register), '登录' (Log in), '提供机构' (Providing institution), and 'Scopus Team'. Below that, there are links for 'Live Chat', '帮助和联系方式' (Help and contact information), '教程' (Tutorials), and 'Library catalogue'. A message at the top says 'Scopus 停止支援 Internet Explorer 7 (IE7)' and '语言已切换到简体中文' (Language has been switched to Simplified Chinese). The main search area includes fields for '检索...' (Search...), '论文标题、摘要、关键字' (Title, abstract, keyword), and a search button. There are also filters for '日期范围' (Date range), '文献类型' (Document type), and '学科类别' (Subject categories). On the right side, there is a '资源' (Resources) sidebar with links to Twitter (@Scopus), training materials, and help pages. At the bottom, there are links for '关于 Scopus' (About Scopus), '语言' (Language), '客户服务' (Customer service), and '关于 Elsevier' (About Elsevier).

更多信息，敬请参见产品手册或访问
www.elsevier.com/Scopus





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